

Applying the Principles of the Constitution

C	Checks and Balances	F	Federalism	L	Limited Government
P	Popular Sovereignty	R	Republicanism	S	Separation of Powers

R 1. The people from each state elect senators to serve in Washington, D.C.

F 2. The national government conducts foreign policy.

L 3. The Constitution restricts the powers of the government.

P 4. *"We the people . . . do ordain and establish this Constitution."*

C 5. Congress may impeach judges and the president.

S 6. The Judicial Branch interprets the law.

F 7. State governments have the power to pass marriage laws within their states.

C 8. The Supreme Court has the power to declare laws unconstitutional.

S 9. The Executive Branch has the responsibility to carry out the laws.

P 10. Government is by the consent of the governed.

C 11. The president appoints federal judges.

F 12. Only the federal government can coin money.

C 13. More than 900 state laws have been struck down by the courts.

L 14. All government officials are never above the law.

C 15. Congress can override a presidential veto by a two-thirds vote in each house.

F 16. Both the federal and state governments can impose taxes.

P 17. All power flows from the people.

S 18. The Legislative Branch makes the laws.

C 19. The president can veto laws passed by Congress.

BONUS: Which Principle is missing from this assignment? **INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS**